

# The value of Earth observations in helping countries monitor progress towards SDG target 6.6

"protect and restore water-related ecosystems"

Stuart Crane, UN Environment DG GROW - Copernicus for SDGs workshop, Brussels, 24<sup>th</sup> January 2019

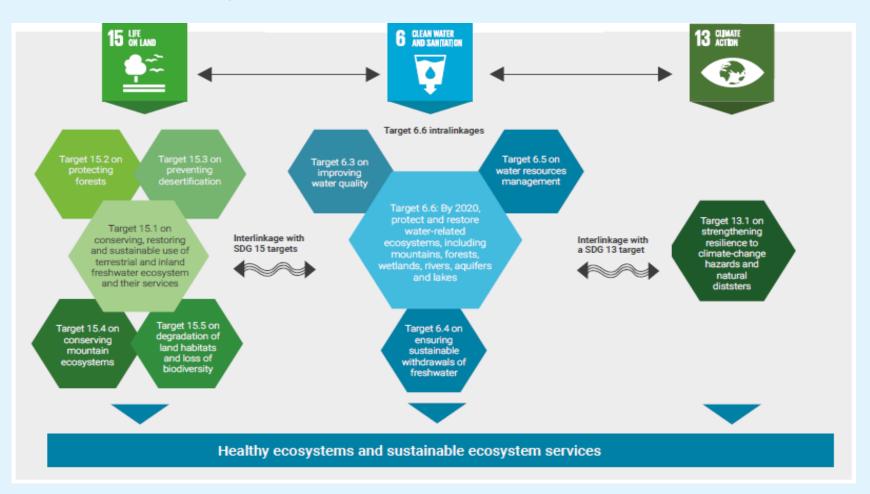
### Measuring the Environmental Dimension





## SDG Target 6.6

Protect and restore water-related ecosystems including: vegetated wetlands, rivers, lakes, reservoirs and groundwater





#### Indicator 6.6.1

# Change in extent of waterrelated ecosystems over time



Most countries have **little to no information** on the extent of their water-related ecosystems.

In 2017, UN Environment and its partners created **188 country data sets on spatial extent of water**, which were shared with national statistical offices for validation.

Central Asia has seen a **7 per cent** decrease in the extent of open water.

Afghanistan, Iran and Iraq **lost 54 per** cent, 56 per cent and 34 per cent of their permanent surface water area since 1984.

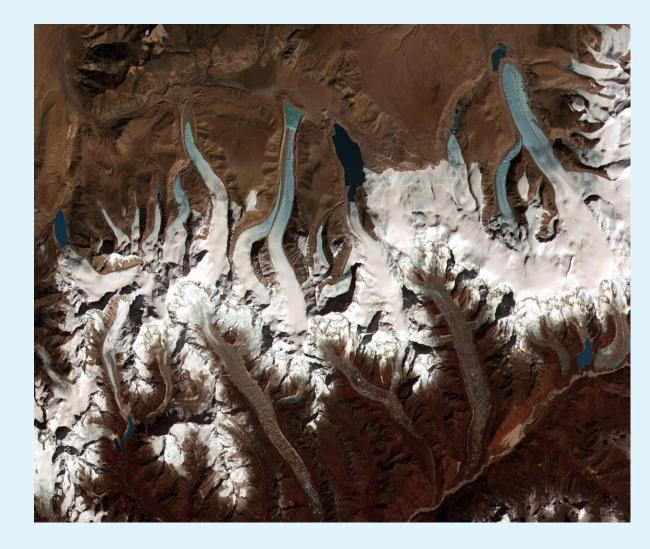


#### Global Surface Water Explorer

Powered by Google Earth Engine



### A new and approved methodology...



- Statistically robust
  and comparable
- Global coverage
- National and subnational relevance
- Quality assured
- Cost effective
- Reduce reporting burden



# Meeting country requirements over the long term

- Spatial extent of open water at basin level
- Delineation of reservoirs
- Water dynamics (quantity) of reservoirs
- Water quality of lakes
- Global mapping of vegetated wetlands
- Maps and statistics at decision making levels (national, basin, ecosystem)
- Guidance and training tools to accompany data provision
- Promoting national ownership





Stuart Crane United Nations Environment Programme Freshwater Ecosystems Unit

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# Thank you